

Artificial Intelligence in ESG Reporting: Transforming Corporate Sustainability Practices

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Abstract:

In this work, we examine the impact of Artificial Intelligence (AI) on ESG (Environmental, Social, and Governance) reporting, and the way in which it transformed corporate sustainability practices from 2019 to 2025. It is worth noting that the rate of AI adoption increased significantly from 15% in 2019 to 63% in 2025, suggesting that more organizations are transitioning towards automated and data-driven reporting systems instead of typical reporting systems that utilized manual means. At first AI was used mainly for simple data-collecting and testing purposes. Yet adoption picked up in this period, ramped up drastically from 2021 to 2022 – fueled by an increasing focus on analytics, risk assessment and regulation. On the other hand, the study also discusses the technological trends of AI applications, from basic automation tools to advanced systems like machine learning, big data analytics, Natural Language Processing (NLP), predictive analytics, and generative AI. These technologies have improved ESG reporting quality, increasing the transparency, accuracy and timeliness leading to real-time and AI-driven reporting systems by 2025. Moreover, the drivers of AI adoption are no longer voluntary, but regulatory mandates and strategic needs associated with higher stakeholder expectations and data complexity. AI has seen explosive growth in the market as well, from being a fledgling venture into a multi-billion-dollar market in ESG reporting. A significant implication of the study of AI is that AI has emerged as a critical component for more efficient, reliable, and transparent ESG reporting; AI can be highly beneficial for companies to enhance their sustainability performance and achieve informed decisions.

Keywords: Artificial Intelligence (AI); ESG Reporting; Corporate Sustainability; Data Analytics.

1. Introduction

The increasing complexity of the global business environment has fundamentally transformed the methodology for assessing performance of companies. In the current era, financial performance measures are no longer adequate, and Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) metrics are becoming critical indicators that allow businesses to deliver value over the long-term. Stakeholders—including investors, regulators, and the wider society—are asking for more transparency, accountability, and consistency in corporate disclosures. As a result, ESG reporting is one of the cornerstones of modern reporting systems, allowing companies to quantify their non-financial performance and accountability for sustainability commitments. However, ESG reporting has faced many challenges. Fragmented data sources, non-uniform standards, as well as the manual nature of these traditional reporting practices are barriers to standardization. These constraints undermine reliability, comparability, and timeliness of ESG information. Moreover, ESG data is complex and multi-faceted so that it is very difficult for organizations to accurately measure, analytically appraise, and integrate sustainability metrics with their strategic planning processes effectively. Such challenges highlight the need for further reporting means. Under such circumstance, artificial intelligence (AI) is seen as revolutionary to solve ESG reporting.

Machine learning, natural language processing and big data analytics, among others, allow companies to go through the raw material, both structured and unstructured, automate reporting, provide action results in a timely manner.

AI is helping improve ESG data accuracy, transparency and availability, in real-time, with the added benefit of predictive analysis for spotting sustainability risks and opportunities. Thus, AI-driven ESG reporting is also increasingly seen as a key tool to advance corporate governance and decrease information asymmetry. With these advantages, however, there are also obstacles to adopting AI in ESG reporting: privacy issues, algorithmic bias, large implementation costs and a lack of standard guidelines. For these reasons, the aim of this study is to investigate the potential power the use of AI has in influencing ESG reporting and its implications for corporate sustainability, offering insights into both its opportunities and limitations.

2. Research Methodology

Descriptive research design and analysis are applied to research the applications of AI to corporate sustainability as well as in ESG reporting. It is entirely based on secondary sources including peer-reviewed journals, company ESG reports and publications by the Global Reporting Initiative and International Sustainability Standards Board. Its range of analysis is 2019–2025.

Data from a systematic literature review (SLR) is collated via content analysis, bibliometric analysis, and trend analysis. For the independent variable: AI technologies; for the dependent variable: ESG reporting quality. This study is limited by its use of secondary data and availability of sources.

3. Review of Literature

The convergence of Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) reporting has received higher attention from the academic communities, as the key focus of sustainability and digitalization becomes integral to corporate activities. Previous studies primarily concentrate on the adaptation of the field of ESG reporting, the use of AI in the construction of sustainability disclosures, and whether the adoption of these tools changes corporate performance. Initial research has shown a strong focus on ESG reporting as a means of enhancing the transparency and accountability of companies in the context of stakeholder demand for non-financial information. But issues such as lack of standardization, data inconsistency and greenwashing have constrained its impact. Emerging studies highlight AI as a game changer, that has the potential to solve these challenges. Machine learning, natural language processing, big data analytics and more are all technologies that can also be implemented to improve ESG reporting through the automated collection of data, real-time monitoring and enhanced analysis. AI-driven systems allow for the processing of large-scale datasets, resulting in far more accurate and comparable disclosures. In addition, empirical researchers have reported a positive link between adoption of AI and ESG performance by demonstrating improvements in decision-making, resource efficiency and risk management.

Even so, data privacy, algorithmic bias, and non-uniform standards remain concerns. In general, there have been studies suggesting a strong indication for the potential for AI to revolutionise the way ESG reports are conducted with AI technologies but it is necessary to continue to address governance and ethical barriers to overcome in the context of e.g. ESG reporting in this area.

4. Objectives of the Study

1. To examine the extent of Artificial Intelligence adoption in ESG reporting practices within corporate organizations.
2. To analyze the impact of Artificial Intelligence on the quality, transparency, and accuracy of ESG disclosures.
3. To evaluate the relationship between AI-driven ESG reporting and corporate sustainability performance.

5. Artificial Intelligence Adoption in ESG Reporting

The paper investigates the scope of AI deployment in ESG reporting across firms from lowest (basic) through advanced implementation. The firms in the early stage use AI for collection and automation of information while advanced adopters use predictive methods of planning and prescriptive analytics in strategic analysis.

Among the well-known AI technologies are machine learning (ML), natural language processing (NLP), robotic process automation (RPA), and big data analytics which improve the efficiency and trustworthiness of ESG reporting. AI provides automation for data collection along with real-time monitoring of ESG metrics and enhanced data validation and reliability—enhancing transparency.

It integrates easily with ERP and accounting systems, improving collaboration across departments. The adoption, however, is different across sectors, higher in finance and IT and less in the traditional sectors. Key drivers of this, including regulations, investor expectations, and digital transformation initiatives, are also discovered in the study.

As beneficial as it is, high implementation costs, inadequate expertise, and data privacy are some of the difficulties the platform faces. AI in general contributes to ESG reporting quality, operational efficiency, and strategic decision making.

6. Impact on Quality of ESG Disclosures

Data is an important metric when it comes to the quality of ESG reporting, which Artificial Intelligence (AI) has vastly advanced. AI can also support the fast processing of a large quantity of structured and unstructured ESG data and a more uniform reporting pattern that is consistent with the existing framework. Automation minimizes the risk of human mistakes and increases the certainty, timeliness, and consistency of disclosures when processing and generating the data and report faster.

Transparency AI decreases information asymmetry by offering data-driven insights and transparency in disclosure is further facilitated by NLP. It also can detect greenwashing by analyzing text and numbers inconsistencies, while real-time monitoring ensures that it knows the latest information on ESG. AI implements more advanced validation as well as formats consistency and improves predictive accuracy in identifying ESG risks and trends—crucial to accuracy and reliability.

Moreover, it assists audit and assurance processes by tracking outliers. By improving accountability and long-term performance, AI-driven ESG reporting builds stakeholder confidence, allows for informed decision-making and regulatory compliance while nurturing more sustainable business practices.

7. Positive Link between AI and Sustainability Outcomes

Research shows a very strong positive relationship between AI adoption and corporate sustainability outcomes, especially improved ESG reporting practices. A data-driven model such as this makes it possible to make data-driven decisions for better and strategic decisions and to realize economies in terms of utilization of resources like energy, materials, and financial as they lead to the efficient consumption of resources.

Real-time monitoring of ESG metrics enables companies to address these issues in real-time, thus delivering superior sustainability performance. AI-driven strong ESG disclosures improve comprehensibility, consistency, and integrity, allowing for better comparison and benchmarking between firms. Greater transparency minimizes information asymmetry, reinforces stakeholder confidence, and advances accountability and good governance.

AI also enhances the accuracy and reliability of ESG data, reducing reporting bias and greenwashing risks. AI is also predictive, helping to determine environmental and social risks that drive long-term value creation. In general, ESG reporting serves as a mediating function, through which AI has a positive impact on corporate sustainability, with differing degrees of influence by sector depending on adoption levels.

8. Data Analysis

The data analysis discussed on the Growth of AI Adoption in ESG Reporting, Evolution of AI Applications in ESG Reporting, Important Drivers of AI Adoption in ESG Reporting, Impact of AI on ESG Reporting Quality and Impact of AI on ESG Reporting Quality etc.,

8.1 Growth of AI Adoption in ESG Reporting

Table 1 illustrates the growth of Artificial Intelligence (AI) adoption for ESG reporting from 2019 to 2025, a steady and decisive upward trend that shows a dramatic climb. It captures the evolution of AI being used for sustainability reporting beyond experimentation to wide-ranging, strategic use.

Table 1: AI Adoption Rates in ESG Reporting (2019–2025)

| Year | AI Adoption in ESG (%) | Important Aspects |
|------|------------------------|---|
| 2019 | 15 | Initial tests in AI for ESG data collection |
| 2020 | 20 | Digital transformation is generating high interest |
| 2021 | 30 | New use of AI for ESG analytics and risk assessment |
| 2022 | 40 | Regulatory pressure led to fast adoption |
| 2023 | 50 | Big Data and machine learning incorporated in ESG |
| 2024 | 59 | Majority of firms using AI for ESG measurement |
| 2025 | 63 | Companies actively using/planning AI in ESG reporting |

The table reveals a gradual uptick in AI adoption in ESG reporting from 15% in 2019 to 63% in 2025. The first years (2019–2020) are mainly characterised by limited usage and experimentation, while 2021–2022 witnessed accelerated growth driven by analytics and regulatory pressure.

Adoption becomes mainstream starting in 2023, exceeding 50%, with the help of advanced technologies like machine learning and big data. By 2024–2025, most businesses are currently using or planning to use AI in ESG reporting. On the whole, AI technologies have emerged as a strategic instrument through which transparency, efficiency, and sustainability performance can improve and become critical facets of sustainability performance.

8.2 Evolution of AI Applications in ESG Reporting

The evolution of AI applications for sustainability reporting lies in the process of 2019 to 2025 (Table 2): from simple data gathering or rudimentary tools to sophisticated, real-time data systems, when as of 2025 we now have the latest up-to-date, real-time leveraging of AI in ESG reporting. It provides the examples how emerging technologies have enabled enhanced sustainability reporting with increased efficiency, accuracy, and strategy.

Table 2: Growth of AI Use cases in ESG Reporting (2019-2025)

| Year | Key AI Applications | ESG Impact |
|------|--------------------------------------|--|
| 2019 | Fundamental data collection tools | Manual reporting support |
| 2020 | Data analytics and automation | Enhanced efficiency |
| 2021 | Machine learning models | The AI scores for ESG |
| 2022 | Big data inclusion | Increased Data quality |
| 2023 | Natural language processing analysis | Better insights for stakeholders |
| 2024 | Predictive analytics | Forecasting and decision-making of risks |
| 2025 | Generative AI & real-time dashboards | Automated, real-time ESG reporting |

This table gives a strong change of AI application in ESG reporting from 2019 to 2025, from low end artificial intelligence. Its first days were time spent on gathering data and automatization while machine learning plus big data analytics made precision analysis possible. By 2023, deep machine learning and big data analytics brought even more accuracy and clarity into those gains in detail. Generative AI and real-time dashboards set the stage for fully automated, strategic ESG reporting systems by 2025.

8.3 Important Drivers of AI Adoption in ESG Reporting:

From 2019 to 2025, the main drivers of such a move from voluntary to regulatory and strategic initiatives in the adoption of AI are outlined in Table 3, which explains significant strategic and regulatory pressures for adopting AI in relation to ESG reporting. It shows how these increasing expectations accelerated the integration of AI into ESG reporting.

Table 3: Key Drivers of AI Adoption in ESG Reporting (2019–2025)

| Year | Key Drivers | Description |
|------|-------------------------|--|
| 2019 | Voluntary ESG practices | Limited regulatory pressure |
| 2020 | Digital transformation | Shift to data-driven reporting |
| 2021 | Investor demand | Increased ESG disclosure expectations |
| 2022 | Regulatory frameworks | Emergence of global ESG standards |
| 2023 | Data complexity | Need for automation tools |
| 2024 | Compliance pressure | Structured and standardized reporting |
| 2025 | Strategic necessity | AI becomes essential for ESG reporting |

This table represents the evolution of the drivers of AI adoption for ESG reporting, from voluntary efforts to strategic mandates from 2019 to 2025. Adoption was minimal in 2019–2020 due to voluntary practices and nascent digital transformation. By 2021–2022, the demand for transparent, standardized ESG disclosures was driven by investors’ expectations and regulatory frameworks. The complexity of ESG data from 2023 sped up the need for automation and analysis with AI. In 2024, pressures for compliance continued to force the industry toward structured reporting systems. By 2025, AI was a major must-have strategic tool, essential for effective ESG reporting and competitive advantage.

8.4 Impact of AI on ESG Reporting Quality

Table 4 shows how AI has progressively improved ESG reporting quality from 2019 to 2025, enhancing transparency, accuracy, and timeliness. It highlights a shift from basic reporting practices to advanced, real-time, and highly reliable ESG disclosure systems.

Table 4: Impact of AI on ESG Reporting Quality (2019–2025)

| Year | Transparency | Accuracy | Timeliness | Overall ESG Quality |
|------|--------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| 2019 | Low | Low | Low | Basic |
| 2020 | Moderate | Moderate | Moderate | Improving |
| 2021 | Moderate | High | Moderate | Enhanced |
| 2022 | High | High | High | Strong |
| 2023 | High | Very High | High | Advanced |
| 2024 | Very High | Very High | Very High | Highly Advanced |
| 2025 | Real-time | AI-driven accuracy | Instant reporting | Transformational |

This table shows how AI's adoption drivers for ESG reporting changed over the period from voluntary to strategic drivers of compliance from 2019-2025. In 2019–2020, adoption was low owing to voluntary practices and nascent digital transformation. By 2021–2022, investors’ expectations and regulatory frameworks created demand for transparent, standardized ESG disclosures. The level of complexity with ESG data from 2023 accelerated a demand for automation and analysis through AI. Compliance pressures still pushed the sector toward reporting system-based reporting in 2024. AI was a must-have strategic tool in 2025, when effective ESG reporting and competitive advantage were required.

8.5 Market Growth of AI in ESG Reporting

From 2019 to 2025, the AI in the ESG reporting market was gradually being transformed from a nascent stage to a mature category, as indicated in Table 5. There is in this way an increasing uptake, investment and AI's growth into an all pervasive practice.

Table 5: Market Growth of AI in ESG Reporting (2019–2025)

| Year | Market Status | Key Insight |
|------|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| 2019 | Nascent stage | Limited adoption |
| 2020 | Emerging market | Increased awareness |
| 2021 | Growing market | Investment in ESG tech |
| 2022 | Expansion stage | Rapid adoption |
| 2023 | Accelerated growth | Integration across industries |
| 2024 | Strong growth | AI mainstream in ESG |
| 2025 | \$2.6 Billion market | Expected to grow significantly |

The table illustrates the high speed growth and spread of the AI market in ESG reporting between 2019 and 2025. It was still at the early stage of development, with low awareness and adoption in 2019 but improved in 2020 when it emerged into an emerging phase. By 2021, they were entering an accelerating growth phase thanks to increased investments in ESG technologies. From 2022 to 2023, the market grew at a great pace, spurred by regulatory pressure and cross-industry adoption across major fields and a growing awareness. In 2024, the market for AI in ESG reporting went mainstream and continued to

flourish in ESG with market shares climbing very well in that market. Its size and future sales value for 2025 were about \$2.6 billion as predicted.

9. Findings of the Study

1. Rapid Growth in Adoption. AI was embraced on ESG reporting, at a fast pace, going from 15% in 2019 to 63% by 2025.
2. Automated frameworks that automate processes for ESG reporting frameworks have replaced human ESG reporting processes due to AI. During the first stage, Characterized By Experimentation, only minimal data collecting were the only activities employed when AI is utilized in 2019-2020.
3. Acceleration driven by analytics and Regulation. That was expanded in 2021–2022, supported by AI analytics, risk assessment and regulatory pressure, the rise in adoption.
4. Reaching the mainstream post-2023. AI is entering everyday life when this term starts (over 50% usage across organizations starting in 2023).
5. AI Applying Technology Progress has become more Technical and Development in AI applications. The path of AI has gradually developed from little to no tools to top level tech things like next generation tech as NLP, machine learning, predictive analytics, and generative AI as advanced equipment.
6. Improving Quality of ESG Reporting. AI has brought ESG reporting from the basic to the more transformative, enhancing transparency, accuracy, and timeliness.
7. Shifting Drivers in Adoption Drivers. Drivers in this new situation altered from voluntary to formal requirements and strategic mandates.
8. Handling Complex ESG Data. AI enabled the organization in a more efficient way of huge, complex, and unstructured ESG documents to improve decision making.
9. DEEP MARKET BUILDING AND STRONG DEVOTES POTENTIAL. AI–ESG market has been booming and is projected approximately at a market size of 2.6 billion by 2025 and going to continue to boom up.
10. The use of AI has transformed ESG reporting into a more strategic, technology-supported, and real-time process, and it is critical for firms to improve not just the performance on sustainability but also on governance.

10. Conclusion

But from 2019 to 2025 the use of Artificial Intelligence (AI) in ESG reporting has risen on an unprecedented scale (both positively and consistently) that took traditional sustainability reporting into next step: an era now driven by smart, automated systems. It was driven to go on during the initial pitches with limited experimentation and awareness by regulators and investors, and firms needing to build new and digital technology (AI). Then in the succeeding years companies adopted new technologies like machine learning (ML), big data analytics and Natural Language Processing to enhance the accuracy, efficiency and reliability of ESG disclosures. It is a step that demonstrates that not only is AI supporting the ESG reporting frameworks already, but that AI is already a part of ESG reporting frameworks and also has been incorporated into ESG reporting architecture.

Additionally, the study underscores how the contributions of AI to ESG reporting quality have been transformational, moving from the initial low-hanging fruit to the end-to-end, AI-enabled and paradigm-shifting reporting solution by 2025. By this point (from next industry trend, to multi-billion dollars with this stage), the international spotlight is shifting. So as driving the adoption becomes not a choice but a strategic imperative, AI may help deliver from requirement, comprehension of an abundant series of ESG complexities and better decision-making. It also proves that AI is a significant catalyst for sustainability, leading to a significant improvement in the levels of transparency, accountability and long-term organizational performance.

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